

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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I. GENERAL INFORMATION

DATE: 8/20/04
 SUPERCEDES: 8/27/98
 MON-ECO CODE: **22-18**
 TRADE NAME & SYNONYMS: **Eco-Canister System Adhesive**
 CHEMICAL FAMILY: N/A Mixture
 PROPER DOT SHIPPING NAME: See Section XIV

DOT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION:
 FOR EMERGENCY CONTACT CHEM-TEL, INC. 1-800-255-3924

H.M.I.S RATING
 Health: 3* Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 2

HAZARD RATING: 0-Minimal 1-Slight 2-Moderate 3-High 4-Extreme *Chronic
 These ratings should only be used as part of a full implemented H.M.I.S. program.

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/CHEMICAL INFORMATION

| INGREDIENT | %BY WGT | CAS NO. | ALLOWABLE EXPOSURE LEVEL | | SARA 313 | VP mm Hg @ 20 DEG.C | |
|--------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | PPM | MG/CU.M. | | | |
| ISOBUTANE | | 75-28-5 | NONE ESTABLISHED | | | SKIN | |
| | | | LFL 1.9 | UFL 8.5 | | | |
| PROPANE | | 74-98-6 | OSHA-PEL 1000 | 1800 | | 760 | |
| | | | LFL 2.2 | UFL 9.5 | | | |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | 50 | 75-09-2 | TLV-TWA | 50 | X | 350 | |
| | | | OSHA-PEL | 25 | | | 87 |
| | | | OSHA-STEL | 125 | | | 437 |
| | | | LFL 16.0 | UFL 66.0 | | | 15 MIN |

III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EFFECTS OF SHORT TERM OVEREXPOSURE

SWALLOWING

CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION, NAUSEA, AND VOMITING.
 ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO LUNG MAY CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL.

INHALATION

MAY BE FATAL IF TOO MUCH IS BREATHED.

(CONTINUED)

III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (CONTINUED)

INHALATION –(CONTINUED)

PROPANE IS CONSIDERED A SIMPLE ASPHYXIAN BY A.C.G.I.H. INHALATION OF EXCESSIVE AMOUNTS MAY INDIRECTLY CAUSE A HEALTH HAZARD BY LIMITING OXYGEN AVAILABILITY.

PREEXISTING HEART CONDITIONS MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO METHYLENE CHLORIDE.

EXPOSURE TO CHLORINATED SOLVENTS MAY RESULT IN LIVER, KIDNEY AND HEART SENSITIZATION.

OVEREXPOSURE MAY CAUSE UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND POSSIBLE DEATH.

VAPORS MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE DIZZINESS UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND DEATH.

MAY CAUSE NOSE OR THROAT IRRITATION. HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY CAUSE ACUTE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION CHARACTERIZED BY HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA AND CONFUSION.

REDUCES THE BLOOD'S OXYGEN-CARRYING CAPACITY BY THE FORMATION OF CARBOXYHEMOGLOBIN. REDUCED BLOOD OXYGEN LEVELS MAY BE HARMFUL TO USERS, ESPECIALLY THOSE WITH EXISTING HEART DISEASE.

EYE

MAY CAUSE SEVERE EYE IRRITATION.

SKIN

MAY BE ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN IN HARMFUL AMOUNTS.

SKIN CONTACT WITH MATERIAL EXITING CYLINDER MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.

EYE

AND RESPIRATORY SYSTEM CONTACT WILL CAUSE IRRITATION AND POSSIBLE THERMAL (COLD-FROSTBITE) TISSUE DAMAGE.

MAY CAUSE SEVERE SKIN IRRITATION.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE

NONE CURRENTLY KNOWN.

SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH.

METHYLENE CHLORIDE HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED HAS A POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN BY THE INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER (IARC GROUP 2B-PROBABLE HUMAN CARCINOGEN) AND AS A SUBSTANCE "REASONABLY ANTICIPATED TO BE A CARCINOGEN" BY THE NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP GROUP 2). THESE CLASSIFICATIONS ARE BASED ON ANIMAL STUDIES (MICE & RATS) WHICH INDICATED A DOSE RELATED INCIDENCES IN LUNG, LIVER AND MAMMARY TUMORS. HUMAN EPIDEMOLOGICAL STUDIES INDICATE THAT THE POTENTIAL CARCINOGENIC EFFECT OF METHYLENE CHLORIDE IS DOSE DEPENDENT. THIS IS SUPPORTED BY THE OBSERVATION OF AN INCREASED INCIDENCE OF LIVER CANCER SUBSEQUENT TO HIGH EXPOSURE (140-470 PPM) IN A FILM PRODUCTION PLANT. WORKERS IN ANOTHER FACILITY WHO WERE EXPOSED TO A MUCH LOWER CONCENTRATION (26 PPM) SHOWED NO INCREASE IN CAUSE SPECIFIC DEATH.

IV. FIRST AID MEASURES

SWALLOWING

IF SWALLOWED IMMEDIATELY GIVE 1 OR 2 GLASSES OF WATER AND CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTER, HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROOM, OR PHYSICIAN FOR WAY TO INDUCE VOMITING. (NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON).

INHALATION

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR IMMEDIATELY. IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. KEEP WARM AND QUIET. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

EYE

FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER, LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS OCCASIONALLY. CONTINUE FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

SKIN

REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. WASH AFFECTED AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IF IRRITATION PERSISTS.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN

DO NOT GIVE STIMULANTS. EPINEPHRINE OR EPHEDRINE MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT THE HEART WITH FATAL RESULTS.

V. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION FLAMMABLE LIQUID – CLASS 1A

FLASHPOINT -156 DEG. F., SFCC (-104 DEG, C,)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

USE NFPA CLASS B FIRE EXTINGUISHERS (CARBON DIOXIDE, ALL PURPOSE DRY CHEMICAL OR ALCOHOL FOAM) DESIGNED TO EXTINGUISH FLAMMABLE LIQUID FIRES. POLYMER FOAM IS PREFERRED FOR LARGE FIRES.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

DURING EMERGENCY CONDITIONS, OVEREXPOSURE TO DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS MAY CAUSE A HEALTH HAZARD. SYMPTOMS MAY NOT BE IMMEDIATELY APPARENT. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS; CONTACT WITH ALUMINUM MAY CAUSE VIOLENT REACTION AND OR EXPLOSION.

PROPERLY DESIGNED AND INSTALLED "EXPLOSION PROOF" ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED. REFER TO NFPA 30, NFPA 49, 29 CFR 1910.106 AND 29CFR 1910.110 MANUFACTURER'S OF METHYLENE CHLORIDE REPORT NO FLASH POINT USING TOC, TCC, AND COC METHODS. HOWEVER, IT IS KNOWN THAT METHYLENE CHLORIDE DOES HAVE A FLAMMABLE RANGE 14% (LFL) AND 22% (UFL) AT 25 DEG. C. THESE REPRESENT VERY HIGH CONCENTRATIONS THAT WOULD PRESENT VERY SERIOUS EMPLOYEE EXPOSURES RELATIVE TO OSHA AND ACGIH STANDARDS. DUE TO THE LACK OF A TYPICAL FLASHPOINT SOME CONFUSION EXISTS REGARDING THE ASSIGNMENT OF HMIS FLAMMABILITY RATINGS. SOME SUPPLIERS HAVE SUGGESTED THAT A FLAMMABILITY RATING OF 1 SHOULD BE ASSIGNED TO METHYLENE CHLORIDE.

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V. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (CONTINUED)

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS (CONTINUED)

OTHERS SUGGEST THAT THE LACK OF A TRUE FLASHPOINT REQUIRES THAT A ZERO FLAMMABILITY RATING BE ASSIGNED. PREVENT CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH WOULD RESULT IN METHYLENE CHLORIDE CONCENTRATIONS WITHIN THE FLAMMABLE RANGE AS WELL AS EXPOSURE OF LIQUID OR VAPOR TO SOURCES OF IGNITION. PLEASE KEEP IN MIND THAT THE PRESENCE OF OTHER FLAMMABLE SUBSTANCES IN THIS OR OTHER PRODUCT MIXTURES MAY ALTER THE FLASHPOINT AND INCREASE THE FLASH FIRE RISK AND THE HMIS FLAMMABILITY RATING.

DANGER: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. VAPORS MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. VAPOR OR CONTAINER MAY EXPLODE IF EXPOSED TO FLAME, HEAT, OR OTHER IGNITION SOURCE.

ISOLATE FROM HEAT, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, SPARKS, AND FLAME. CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT; STORE IN SEPARATE AND ENCLOSED AREA THAT WILL NOT CONTAIN CANS IF THEY SHOULD EXPLODE AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES.

DO NOT APPLY TO VERY HOT SURFACES.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. WATER MAY BE INEFFECTIVE, BUT MAY BE USED TO COOL EXPOSED CONTAINERS TO PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD-UP AND POSSIBLE AUTO-IGNITION OR EXPLOSION WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. IF WATER IS USED, FOG NOZZLES ARE PREFERABLE.

VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED.

THE USE OF A NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED, TC19C, AIR SUPPLIED BREATHING APPARATUS MAY BE REQUIRED. CONSULT WITH A QUALIFIED OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND/OR SAFETY PROFESSIONAL.

WEAR RESPIRATORS, EYE, HAND, AND BODY PROTECTION APPROPRIATE FOR THE SIZE OF THE SPILL AND EXPOSURES ENCOUNTERED.

KEEP SPECTATORS AWAY. ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES (FLAMES, HOT SURFACES, AND SOURCES OF ELECTRICAL, STATIC OR FRICTIONAL SPARKS).

DIKE AND CONTAIN SPILL WITH INERT MATERIAL (E.G. SAND, EARTH).

TRANSFER LIQUIDS TO COVERED METAL CONTAINERS FOR RECOVERY OR DISPOSAL, OR REMOVE WITH INERT ABSORBENT. USE ONLY NON-SPARKING TOOLS. PLACE ABSORBENT DIKING MATERIALS IN COVERED METAL CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL. PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STREAMS, AND GROUNDWATER WITH SPILLED MATERIAL OR USED ABSORBENT.

WASTE DISPOSAL

DISPOSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF FLAMMABLE MATERIALS.

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RCRA CLASSIFICATION

THIS PRODUCT, IF DISCARDED DIRECTLY, WOULD BE CLASSIFIED A HAZARDOUS WASTE BASED ON ITS IGNITABILITY CHARACTERISTIC, I.E. HAS A FLASH POINT OF 140 DEG. F. (60 DEG. C) OR LESS. THE PROPER RCRA CLASSIFICATION WOULD BE D001

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

NONE KNOWN

VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

DO NOT INCINERATE, PUNCTURE OR MISHANDLE CONTAINER VALVES OR HOSES. ALL ATTACHEMENTS MUST BE IN GOOD CONDITION AND PROPERLY DESIGNED FOR USE WITH THIS CONTAINER.

DO NOT STORE ABOVE 115 DEG. F (46 DEG.C) STORE LARGE QUANTITIES IN COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA 29CFR1910.106.

EXPOSURE TO DIRECT SUNLIGHT OR OTHER SOURCES OF HEAT MAY CAUSE CONTAINER TO RUPTURE OR EXPLODE.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

THIS PRODUCT IS INTENDED TO BE USED ONLY BY THE PROFESSIONAL (INDUSTRIAL) APPLICATOR UNDER PROPERLY CONTROLLED CONDITIONS. A QUALIFIED OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL SHOULD EVALUATE EXPOSURES TO THIS PRODUCT.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN CONFINED AREAS MAY RESULT IN DANGEROUS AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS. THIS MAY CAUSE THE SERIOUS HEALTH EFFECTS DESCRIBED IN SECTION III OF THIS MSDS.

IF CYLINDER IS RETURNABLE DO NOT DISPOSE. SEE ADDITIONAL CYLINDER/CANISTER LABELS. RETURN VIA AUTHORIZED AGENT, PROPERLY LABELED, WITH VALVE OUTLET. PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION IN PLACE. PROTECT CYLINDERS FROM PHYSICAL DAMAGE. NON-RETURNABLE CYLINDERS/CANISTERS MUST BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. STORE IN COOL DRY, WELL VENTILATED AREA. CYLINDERS ARE COMBUSTIBLE. DO NOT PUNCTURE OR INCINERATE. DO NOT SPRAY NEAR FLAME OR HOT SURFACES. AVOID BREATHING VAPOR OR SPRAY MIST. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

PROPER SELECTION OF RESPIRATORY PROTECTION DEPENDS UPON MANY FACTORS INCLUDING DURATION/LEVEL OF EXPOSURE AND CONDITIONS OF USE. IN GENERAL EXPOSURE TO ORGANIC CHEMICALS SUCH AS THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS PRODUCT MAY NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF RESPIRATORY PROTECTION IF USED IN WELL VENTILATED AREAS. IN RESTRICTED VENTILATION AREAS A NIOSH APPROVED CHEMICAL CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR MAY BE REQUIRED. UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS, SUCH AS SPRAYING, A MECHANICAL PREFILTER

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VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS (CONTINUED)

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (CONTINUED)

MAY ALSO BE REQUIRED. IN CONFINED AREAS USE A NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR. IF THE TLV'S LISTED IN SECTION II ARE EXCEEDED USE A PROPERLY FITTED NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR WITH AN APPROPRIATE PROTECTION FACTOR. REFER TO OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 "RESPIRATORY PROTECTION", AND "RESPIRATORY PROTECTION A MANUAL AND GUIDELINE, AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE ASSOC."

VENTILATION

SUPPLIED AIR RESPIRATORS MAY BE REQUIRED. CONSULT WITH AN INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE OR SAFETY PROFESSIONAL FOR INFORMATION REGARDING RESPIRATOR USE AND VENTILATION DESIGN. PROVIDE GENERAL DILUTION AND LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION IN SUFFICIENT VOLUME AND PATTERN TO KEEP CONCENTRATIONS OF HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS LISTED IN SECTION II BELOW THE LOWEST EXPOSURE LIMIT STATED. REMOVE DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS THAT ARE GENERATED WHEN WELDING, CUTTING, OR BRAZING OBJECTS COATED WITH THIS PRODUCT. REFER TO "INDUSTRIAL VENTILATION – A MANUAL OF RECOMMENDED PRACTICE" ACGIH.

HAND PROTECTION

WEAR APPROPRIATE IMPERMEABLE GLOVES (NORTH-SILVER SHIELD).

EYE PROTECTION

WEAR SAFETY GLASSES MEETING THE SPECIFICATIONS OF ANSI Z87.1 WHERE NO CONTACT WITH THE EYE IS ANTICIPATED. CHEMICAL SAFETY GOGGLES MEETING THE SPECIFICATIONS OF ANSI Z87.1 SHOULD BE WORN WHENEVER THERE IS A POSSIBILITY OF SPLASHING OR OTHER CONTACT WITH THE EYES.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYEWASH FACILITY, SAFETY SHOWER.

IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE -44 DEG. F. (-42 DEG. C.) TO 106 DEG. F. (41 DEG. C.)

VAPOR DENSITY HEAVER THAN AIR % VOLATILE BY VOLUME 85

EVAPORATION RATE VOC 3.50 LB/GAL LESS WATER & NPRS* 420 G/L LESS WATER CALCULATED
SLOWER THAN DIETHYL ETHER

WEIGHT LB/GAL. 8.2 VOC 16.24 LB/GAL SOLIDS 1949 G/L SOLIDS CALCULATED

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.0

ALL PHYSICAL DATA DETERMINED AT 68 DEG. F. (20 DEG. C.) 760 mm Hg

* NEGLIGIBLY PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE MATERIALS

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

AVOID OPEN FLAMES, WELDING ARCS OR OTHER HIGH TEMPERATURE SOURCES WHICH INDUCE THERMAL DECOMPOSITION.

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X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

AVOID EXCESSIVE HEAT (>115 DEG. F. (46 DEG. C) AND SOURCES OF IGNITION.

INCOMPATABILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

ALUMINUM

STRONG ACIDS, OR ALKALINE MATERIALS.

OXIDIZING MATERIALS.

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS WHICH CAN REACT WITH ALUMINUM. AVOID CONTACT WITH ALUMINIUM IN SITUATIONS IN WHICH PRESSURES MAY BE ELEVATED OR IN WHICH REACTIONS MAY BE ENCLOSED.

DO NOT USE SPRAY EQUIPMENT SYSTEMS CONTAINING ALUMINUM PARTS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

BURNING, INCLUDING WHEN HEATED BY WELDING OR CUTTING, WILL PRODUCE SMOKE, CARBON MONOXIDE AND CARBON DIOXIDE. IN ADDITION, PHOSGENE, FORMALDEHYDE, HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, CHLORINE MAY BE GENERATED.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

WILL NOT OCCUR

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS WHICH MAY DECOMPOSE TO FORM HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, CHLORINE, AND PHOSGENE WHEN IN CONTACT WITH HOT SURFACES, OPEN FLAMES, AND U.V. RADIATION. DO NOT USE THIS MATERIAL NEAR WELDING OPERATIONS.

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

NO INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE.

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

NO INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE.

XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

SEE SECTION VI.

XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

ITEM: 22-18 DESC/SIZE: ECO-CANISTER SYSTEM ADHESIVE 38# / 11#

| MODE | PROPER SHIPPING NAME | CLASS I.D.# PKG GRP |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| (NOTE) THE ASSIGNMENT OF PROPER SHIPPING NAMES IS IN PART A FUNCTION OF THE SIZE OF THE PRODUCT CONTAINER AND THE TRANSPORT MODE. FOR EXAMPLE, THE PROPER SHIPPING NAME FOR A BULK CONTAINER CAN DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THE PROPER SHIPPING NAME FOR THE SAME PRODUCT PACKAGED IN A NON-BULK CONTAINER. THIS CAN ALSO BE TRUE FOR PRODUCTS SHIPPED VIA DIFFERENT MODES OF TRANSPORTATION (I.E. GROUND, AIR, OCEAN). THE DESCRIPTIONS PROVIDED ABOVE (CONTINUED) | | |

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XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

CONTINUED

ARE INTENDED TO PROVIDE SOME GUIDANCE. HOWEVER, THESE DESCRIPTIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOUR PACKAGE SIZE OR MODE OF SHIPMENT.

THE U.S. CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, 49 CFR – TRANSPORTATION, REGULATIONS, AND POLICIES ESTABLISHED BY SOME TRANSPORTERS, REQUIRE THAT THE SHIPPER PROPERLY CLASSIFY AND ASSIGN A PROPER SHIPPING NAME, AND LABEL, MARK AND PACKAGE THE MATERIAL PROPERLY. THEREFORE, THE USER OF THIS INFORMATION IS CAUTIONED TO CONSULT WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND WITH QUALIFIED ADVISORS PRIOR TO THE REPACKAGING AND OR RESHIPMENT OF THIS OR OTHER ANY PRODUCT WHICH CONTAIN THIS PRODUCT.

XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

ALL INGREDIENTS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE LISTED ON THE US TSCA INVENTORY.

ALL INGREDIENTS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE LISTED ON THE CANADIAN DOMESTIC SUBSTANCE LIST.

WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS METHYLENE CHLORIDE; A CHEMICAL KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.

| INGREDIENT | CAS NO. | DETAIL INVENTORY LIST INFORMATION |
|--------------------|---------|--|
| ISOBUTANE | 75-28-5 | DSL |
| PROPANE | 74-98-6 | DSL |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | 75-09-2 | TSCA (8a CAIR) TSCA (8a PAIR) TSCA (8d) DSL |

DETAIL INVENTORY LIST DESCRIPTION
TSCA/TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT
(8a CAIR) COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT INFORMATION RULES
(8a PAIR) PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT INFORMATION RULES
(8d) HEALTH AND SAFETY REPORTING RULES
DSL/CANADIAN DOMESTIC SUBSTANCE LIST

XVI. OTHER INFORMATION

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA CONSIDERED TO BE ACCURATE. WHILE THE INFORMATION IS BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THIS DATA OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF. SINCE THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION AND THE CONDITIONS AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT ARE CONTROLLED BY THE USER, IT IS THE USER'S OBLIGATION TO DETERMINE THE CONDITIONS OF SAFE USE OF THE PRODUCT.